

BIOCAIR

Biomarkers of T-Cell Activity in tumors and Immunotherapy Response

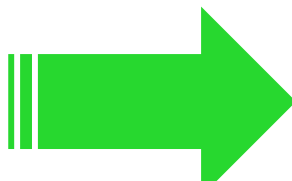
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CLINICAL CONTEXT

- 1
- Recently, immunotherapies using monoclonal antibodies targeting checkpoints inhibitors of the immune response, such as PD-1, demonstrated their superiority compared to standard chemotherapies
- 2
- However, despite the strong contribution of anti-PD-1 (nivolumab) in some cancer treatment, this immunotherapy is not effective in all patients



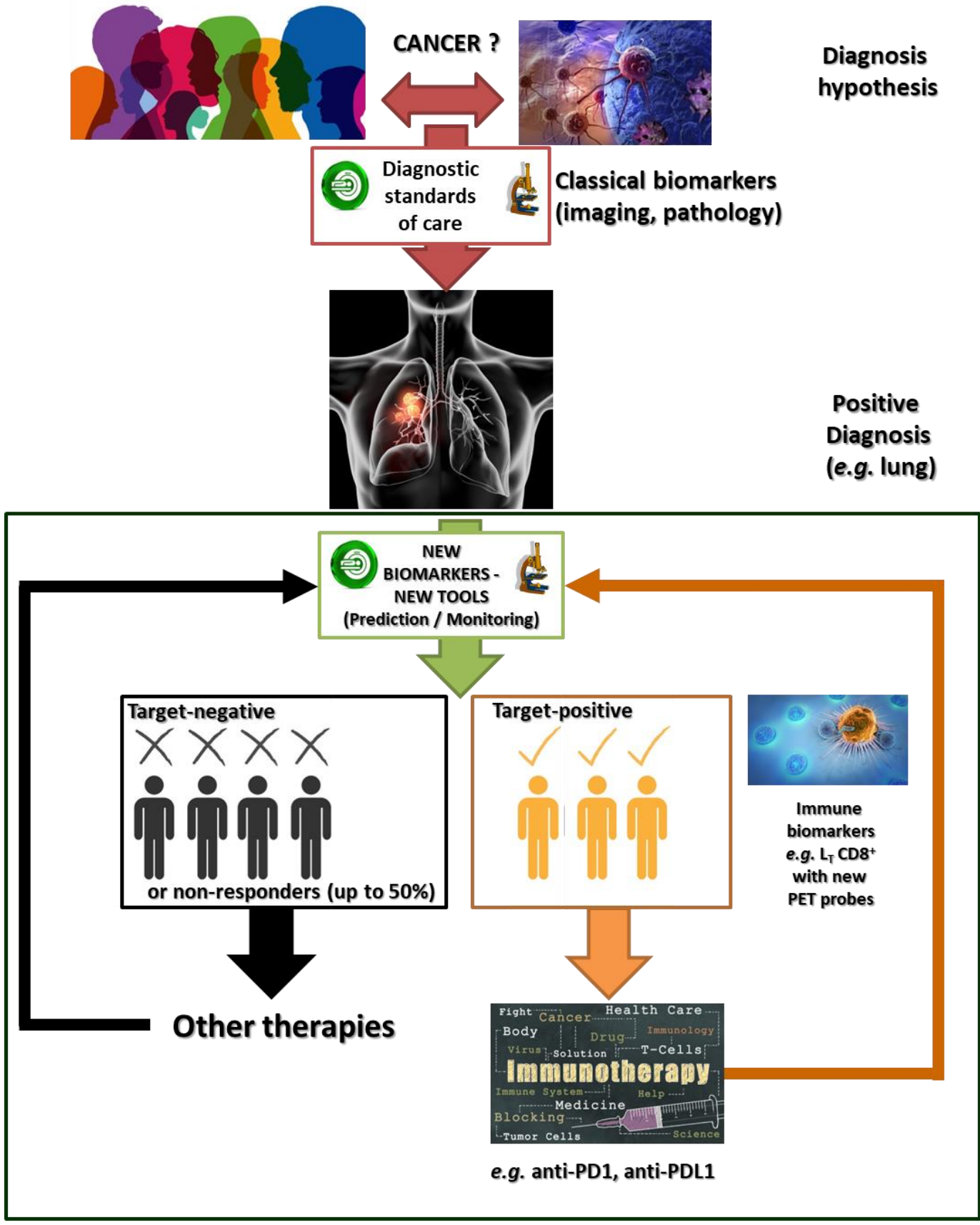
Predictive biomarkers of treatment efficacy are needed for efficient patient management



Recent translational studies suggested that the level of tumour infiltrated CD8 T Lymphocytes is a good biomarker to predict immunotherapy efficacy

In this context, the aims of the BIOCAIR project are:

- GOALS
- WP1
- To obtain a proof of concept of the use of radiolabelled anti-CD8 fragments as imaging biomarkers of the efficacy of immunotherapies
- WP2
- To identify at least 3 new biomarkers as potential biomarkers of immunotherapy efficacy
- WP3
- To develop antibodies against these targets and validate them as imaging biomarkers of immunotherapy effectiveness



KEY NUMBERS

2018

6 partners

1.3 M€

6 funded positions

Twice monthly coordination meetings

1. WP1: Development of anti-CD8 imaging biomarker as proof-of-concept

CD8 FRAGMENTS PRODUCTION

1. Clone sequencing and reformatting in ScFv

2. Validation of recombinant format by flow cytometry

Full

ScFV

SYNTHESIS OF CONJUGATES

1. Random or site-specific conjugation with TCO bearing linker

2. Inverse Electron Demand Diels-Alder with Tetrazine platform

linker

R

FLOW CYTOMETRY

BM12C

MOLT4

FSC-A

Antibody anti-CD8

BIO-LAYER INTERFEROMETRY

Association

Dissociation

Gamma de concentration

KD : 46 nM

Ga68 PROTOCOL & QC

SIZE-EXCLUSION RADIOCHROMATOGRAPHY

Before purification

Free ⁶⁸Ga

After purification

Purity > 93%

BINDING SPECIFICITY

CD8+ cells affinity, scFv-mal-diNODAGA

Binding (nM)

nM

K_D = 20,83 ± 4,53 nM

Bmax = 1,364 ± 0,108 nM

Immunoreactivity CD8+ cells, scFv-mal-diNODAGA 10nM

B/T (%)

Million cells / mL

CD8+ T CELL PET IMAGING

Selection of model

Immunochimistry of CD8 tumor infiltrate

Positive control Amygdale

Ovarian tumor NIH-OVCAR-3

Autoradiography

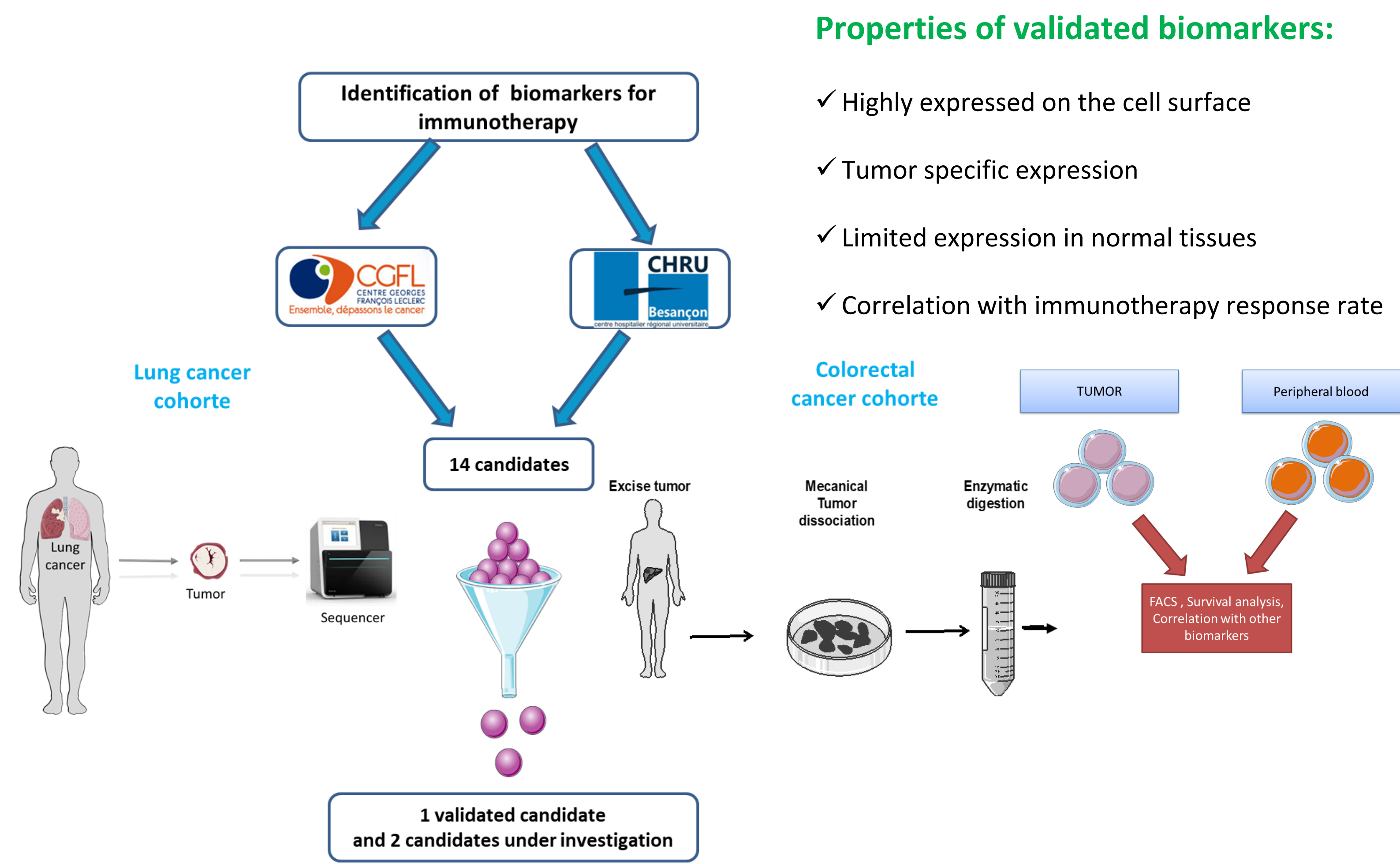
Ovarian tumor NIH-OVCAR-3

CD8 score 3+

CD8 score 0

Next Step: *in vivo* PET imaging of Ga68-diNODAGA-scFv-CD8

WP2: Identification of new biomarkers



Properties of validated biomarkers:

- ✓ Highly expressed on the cell surface
- ✓ Tumor specific expression
- ✓ Limited expression in normal tissues
- ✓ Correlation with immunotherapy response rate

WP3: Development of new imaging biomarkers

Target	Tumor expression	Immunotherapy biomarker	Favorable for imaging	Preclinical model
CD8	✓ Lymphocytes T	✓ Survival	✓ High expression	✓ Humanized model
1	✓ Stroma	✓ Survival	✓ Selective tumor Expression	✓ Xenograft
2	✓ Lymphocytes B	✓ IT response	✓ High expression	✗ To be identified
3	✓ Monocytes/ Macrophages	✓ Survival	✓ High expression	✗ To be identified

WP1 validated process

All partners

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Conclusion

- 1
- The BIOCAIR project is a **successful combination of translational skills and multidisciplinary know-how** of several UBFC laboratories, hospitals, biocluster and biotech companies from the Bourgogne Franche-Comté region
- 2
- These developments will be **valorized with novel intellectual properties, scientific publications, new commercial opportunities** for Diaclone's antibodies, and the preclinical proof of concept of new biomarkers for further clinical application